



1  
00:00:04,870 --> 00:00:03,350  
the coating that's on the trunk

2  
00:00:07,430 --> 00:00:04,880  
of the dragon the nice white coating

3  
00:00:07,749 --> 00:00:07,440  
that you see as it comes into the dock

4  
00:00:10,870 --> 00:00:07,759  
with

5  
00:00:13,270 --> 00:00:10,880  
space station that coating was qualified

6  
00:00:15,110 --> 00:00:13,280  
on the missy one and two flights and

7  
00:00:17,430 --> 00:00:15,120  
missy stands for materials on

8  
00:00:20,550 --> 00:00:17,440  
international space station experiment

9  
00:00:21,029 --> 00:00:20,560  
and it was a group project experiment

10  
00:00:22,950 --> 00:00:21,039  
with

11  
00:00:24,230 --> 00:00:22,960  
the air force research lab the naval

12  
00:00:26,230 --> 00:00:24,240  
research lab

13  
00:00:27,990 --> 00:00:26,240

langley research center glenn research

14

00:00:30,230 --> 00:00:28,000

center and here at marshall

15

00:00:31,990 --> 00:00:30,240

some big companies like lockheed and

16

00:00:33,750 --> 00:00:32,000

boeing and then little companies like

17

00:00:35,190 --> 00:00:33,760

alien science which developed this

18

00:00:39,510 --> 00:00:35,200

coating

19

00:00:41,270 --> 00:00:39,520

had already used for 30 years

20

00:00:43,350 --> 00:00:41,280

for spacecraft but as we get more and

21

00:00:45,190 --> 00:00:43,360

more powerful solar rays

22

00:00:46,470 --> 00:00:45,200

we have to worry more about spacecraft

23

00:00:48,630 --> 00:00:46,480

charging

24

00:00:50,790 --> 00:00:48,640

and in order to to solve that problem

25

00:00:51,750 --> 00:00:50,800

then we look for electrically conductive

26

00:00:53,830 --> 00:00:51,760

coatings

27

00:00:55,910 --> 00:00:53,840

and aelion developed this one and then

28

00:00:56,310 --> 00:00:55,920

we flew it for four years on missy one

29

00:00:58,869 --> 00:00:56,320

and two

30

00:01:00,709 --> 00:00:58,879

were able to qualify it for space while

31

00:01:02,069 --> 00:01:00,719

we can simulate different aspects of the

32

00:01:02,950 --> 00:01:02,079

space environment here on earth we

33

00:01:05,109 --> 00:01:02,960

really can't get

34

00:01:06,950 --> 00:01:05,119

the synergistic effects of the uv

35

00:01:09,510 --> 00:01:06,960

radiation the thermal cycling

36

00:01:10,230 --> 00:01:09,520

everything all together so the real

37

00:01:12,710 --> 00:01:10,240

environment

38

00:01:15,590 --> 00:01:12,720

is the best one to test in and so we had

39

00:01:17,830 --> 00:01:15,600

these samples in space for four years

40

00:01:18,710 --> 00:01:17,840

and we were able to bring them back and

41

00:01:20,950 --> 00:01:18,720

analyze them

42

00:01:23,270 --> 00:01:20,960

and look at what worked and what didn't

43

00:01:24,550 --> 00:01:23,280

work so we had some that stayed just as

44

00:01:26,390 --> 00:01:24,560

white

45

00:01:28,710 --> 00:01:26,400

after four years as they were in the

46

00:01:31,030 --> 00:01:28,720

very beginning and then we had some

47

00:01:33,030 --> 00:01:31,040

that turned a nice chocolate brown due

48

00:01:34,710 --> 00:01:33,040

to their uv radiation

49

00:01:37,030 --> 00:01:34,720

a coating not only protects the

50

00:01:37,990 --> 00:01:37,040

underlying metal from corrosion while

51  
00:01:39,830 --> 00:01:38,000  
it's on earth and

52  
00:01:41,830 --> 00:01:39,840  
sitting in the salt air at the cape

53  
00:01:44,469 --> 00:01:41,840  
waiting for launch it also

54  
00:01:45,830 --> 00:01:44,479  
passively controls what temperature the

55  
00:01:47,749 --> 00:01:45,840  
inside

56  
00:01:49,270 --> 00:01:47,759  
of the cabin would be so we want to make

57  
00:01:51,030 --> 00:01:49,280  
it comfortable for the astronauts we

58  
00:01:52,149 --> 00:01:51,040  
don't want it too hot or too cold and we

59  
00:01:54,149 --> 00:01:52,159  
want to know

60  
00:01:55,190 --> 00:01:54,159  
that that coating will stay the same

61  
00:01:57,670 --> 00:01:55,200  
throughout

62  
00:01:58,630 --> 00:01:57,680  
the whole space flight and not change

63  
00:02:01,109 --> 00:01:58,640

over time

64

00:02:02,789 --> 00:02:01,119

we do have one coating that was used for

65

00:02:04,469 --> 00:02:02,799

the curiosity rover we

66

00:02:05,990 --> 00:02:04,479

also looked at some different coatings

67

00:02:08,469 --> 00:02:06,000

for lunar missions

68

00:02:10,710 --> 00:02:08,479

for lagrangian point missions and then